AeroShell Grease 33

Version 1.3		Revision Date 2024.07.30	Print Date 2024.11.04	
1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION				
Chemical product name	:	AeroShell Grease 33		
Product code	:	001A0903		
Manufacturer or supplier's d	leta	ails		
Supplier's company name, address and phone number	:	Shell Lubricants Japan K.K. Pacific Century Place Marunouchi 12F 1-11-1, Marunouchi Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-6212 Japan		
Telephone Telefax	:	(+81) 03-3218-1780 (+81) 03-3218-1781		
Emergency telephone number	:	[Important notice for customer support If you need support for product, please service centre. Lub Customer Service Centre (Lub CS Tel. 0120-064-315 / Fax. 0120-264-31 E-mail. Inquiries-Lubes-JP@shell.com (Available for Japanese office hours or	e contact our customer SC) 5 (JP Toll free)	
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	:	If you have any enquiries about the c please email lubricantSDS@shell.con		
Recommended use of the ch	nen	nical and restrictions on use		
Recommended use	:	Synthetic grease for aircraft., For furthe AeroShell Book on www.shell.com/avia		
Restrictions on use	:	This product must be used, handled, and accordance with the requirements of the manufacturer's manuals, bulletins and This substance may not be used for an recommended without expert advice	ne equipment other documentation.	

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product

Skin sensitisation	: Category 1
Eye irritation	: Category 2A

GHS label elements

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Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains alkyl thiadiazole. Contains Bismuth Naphthenate. Contains dialkyl sulphide.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Chemical nature	 A lubricating grease containing por and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil cont extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO ex (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Ann. 	tains <3% (w/w) DMSO- tract content < 3%

Hazardous components

Substance name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Polyolefin	68037-01-4	Asp. Tox.1; H304	1 - 5
Highly refined mineral oil	8012-95-1	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	0 - 3
Alkaryl amine	68608-77-5	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	0.1 - 2
Bismuth Naphthenate	85736-59-0	Skin Sens.1; H317 Eye Irrit.2A; H319 Aquatic Chronic3; H412	1 - 3
Lithium complex thickener	12007-60-2	Acute Tox.4; H302 Eye Dam.1; H318 Repr.2; H361d	1 - 2.9
Alkyl thiadiazole	13539-13-4	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Acute Tox.4; H332 Aquatic Chronic4; H413	0.1 - 0.9
Calcium complex thickener	13701-64-9	Repr.2; H361d	0.1 - 0.9
Dialkyl sulphide	822-27-5	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Acute Tox.4; H332 Aquatic Chronic4; H413	0.1 - 0.9
Naphthenic acid	1338-24-5	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1; H317 Eye Irrit.2; H319	0.1 - 0.9
Alkaryl amine	68411-46-1	Repr.2; H361f	0.1 - 2
Polyolefin	68649-11-6	Asp. Tox.1; H304 Acute Tox.4;	>= 1 - < 10

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		H332		
Polyolefin	151006-58-5	Asp. Tox.1; H304 Acute Tox.4; H332	>= 1 - < 10	
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1		>= 1 - < 10	
Bismuth Naphthenate	85736-59-0	Skin Sens.1; H317 Eye Irrit.2A; H319 Aquatic Chronic3; H412	>= 1 - < 10	
Lithium complex thickener	12007-60-2	Acute Tox.4; H302 Eye Dam.1; H318 Repr.2; H361d	>= 1 - < 10	
Highly refined mineral oil	64742-52-5	Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 1 - < 10	
White mineral oil	8042-47-5		>= 1 - < 10	
Alkaryl amine	68608-77-5	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	>= 1 - < 10	
Alkaryl amine	68411-46-1	Repr.2; H361f	>= 1 - < 10	
Naphthenic acid	1338-24-5	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1; H317 Eye Irrit.2; H319	>= 0.1 - < 1	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	 Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

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If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary are swallowed, however, get medica	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Eye irritation signs and symptoms m sensation, redness, swelling, and/or Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sympton of black pustules and spots on the sk Ingestion may result in nausea, vom	blurred vision. ms may include formation kin of exposed areas.
		Local necrosis is evidenced by delay tissue damage a few hours following	
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure appropriate personal protective equipincident, injury and surroundings.	, ,
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.	
		High pressure injection injuries requi intervention and possibly steroid ther damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and seriousness of the underlying damage determine the extent of involvement anaesthetics or hot soaks should be can contribute to swelling, vasospase surgical decompression, debridement foreign material should be performed anaesthetics, and wide exploration is	rapy, to minimise tissue d do not reflect the ge, surgical exploration to may be necessary. Local avoided because they m and ischaemia. Prompt at and evacuation of d under general

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained

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Version 1.3 Revision Date 2024.07.30 Breathing Apparatus must be worn wh a confined space. Select fire fighter's or relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN4		er's clothing approved to
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEAS	SURES	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to pr Prevent from spreading or entering using sand, earth, or other approp	g drains, ditches or rivers by

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or reclamation in accordance with local regulations.
Additional advice	 For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	
Technical measures	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Facial protective equipment	 Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas, combined with face shield. Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur. If a local risk assessment deems it so then chemical splash goggles may not be required and safety glasses may provide adequate eye protection.
Describe contact avoidance, etc	: Strong oxidising agents.
Storage	
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.
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	Use properly labeled and closable	Use properly labeled and closable containers.	
	Store at ambient temperature.		
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers of steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	u	
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should no temperatures because of possible		

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

労働者の健康障害を防止するため化学物質の濃度基準値とその適用方法などを定めました (mhlw.go.jp)

vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
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	Where material is heated, sprayed	or mist formed, there is		
	greater potential for airborne conce	greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.		
	General Information:	General Information:		
	Define procedures for safe handlin controls.	Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.		
	Educate and train workers in the h	azards and control		
	measures relevant to normal activi product.	ities associated with this		
	Ensure appropriate selection, testi	ng and maintenance of		
	equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.			
	Drain down system prior to equipm maintenance.	nent break-in or		
	Retain drain downs in sealed stora subsequent recycle.	age pending disposal or		
	Always observe good personal hyg washing hands after handling the r drinking, and/or smoking. Routine protective equipment to remove co contaminated clothing and footwea Practice good housekeeping.	material and before eating, ly wash work clothing and ontaminants. Discard		

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection :	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection	
Remarks :	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be

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	ca gl	replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.	
	br fo sh re tir ar a de G	or continuous contact we recommer reakthrough time of more than 240 r r > 480 minutes where suitable glow nort-term/splash protection we recor- cognize that suitable gloves offering ay not be available and in this case ne maybe acceptable so long as ap nd replacement regimes are followe good predictor of glove resistance to ependent on the exact composition love thickness should be typically g epending on the glove make and more	minutes with preference ves can be identified. For mmend the same but g this level of protection a lower breakthrough propriate maintenance d. Glove thickness is not o a chemical as it is of the glove material. reater than 0.35 mm
Eye and face protection	fa W If go	Year goggles for use against liquids ce shield. Year full face shield if splashes are li a local risk assessment deems it so oggles may not be required and safe dequate eye protection.	kely to occur. then chemical splash
Skin and body protection		/ear chemical resistant gloves/gaun sk of splashing, also wear an apron.	
Thermal hazards	: N	ot applicable	
Environmental exposure co	ntrols		
General advice		ake appropriate measures to fulfill th	•

General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of
	relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid
	contamination of the environment by following advice given in
	Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from
	being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be
	treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant
	before discharge to surface water.
	Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances
	must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing
	vapour.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	: Semi-solid at room temperature.
Colour	: blue green
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
	substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic

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Dropping point	: 216 °C / 421 °F Method: Unspecified	
Melting / freezing point	Not applicable	
Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range	: Data not available	
Flash point	: >= 215 °C / 419 °F Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable	
Flammability (liquids)	: Not classified as flammable bu	t will burn.
Lower explosion limit and upp	er explosion limit / flammability limit	t
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Density and / or relative density	ty	
Relative density	: 0.912 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 911 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: Unspecified	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on simila	ar products)
Auto-ignition point	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity (Dynamic)	: Data not available	

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Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable	
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	: Data not available	
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classi	fication criteria are not met.
Components:		
Polyolefin:		
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Mortality observed is due material into the lungs, rather than substance. Acute toxicity caused b is considered to be a highly unreali	intrinsic toxicity of the test y inhalation of this material

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Skin sensitiser.

Components:

Dialkyl sulphide:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Naphthenic acid:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Naphthenic acid:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

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Version 1.3 Revision Date 2024.07.30 Print Date 2024.11.04 Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been of for this product. Information given is based on a know and the ecotoxicology of similar product Unless indicated otherwise, the data representative of the product as a wh individual component(s). 	ledge of the components ucts. presented is
Ecotoxicity		
Product:		
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, th are not met.	e classification criteria
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, th are not met.	e classification criteria
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, th are not met.	e classification criteria
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., inherently biodegradable, but contain persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulation		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with bioaccumulate.	the potential to
Partition coefficient: n-	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on info	rmation on similar

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octanol/water	products)	
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Semi-solid under most environitient enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particle mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion potentia ozone creation potential or global warm is a mixture of non-volatile components released to air in any significant quantit conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physic organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxic organisms at concentrations less than 	hing potential., Product s, which will not be ties under normal ral fouling of aquatic city to aquatic
Hazardous to the ozone laver		

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Chemicals (residual waste)	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

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Contaminated containers and packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing to a recognized collector or contract the collector or contractor should be Disposal should be in accordance we national, and local laws and regulation	tor. The competence of e established beforehand. vith applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance w national, and local laws and regulation	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulatory information when there are domestic regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law

Not considered as dangerous goods.

Chemical Substance Control Law

Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

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-	es Prohibited from Mar		
Not applicable	es Prohibited from Mar	lufacture	
	a Daminad Damiasia		
	es Required Permissio	n for Manufacture	
Not applicable			
	ented From Impairment	of Health	
Not applicable			
	ng Information on Chen icals having Mutagenic		city - Annex 2: Information
Not applicable		ity	
	a Information on Chan	niaala having Mutagani	aitu Annay 1. Information
	ances having Mutageni		city - Annex 1: Information
Not applicable			
	ect to be Notified Names	S	
-	ement Order Table 9)	-	
Chemical name		Number	Concentration (%)
Mineral oil		168	>=1 - <10
Substances Subje	ect to be Indicated Name	es	
Article 57 (Enforcer	ment Order Article 18)		
Chemical name			Number
Mineral oil			168
	vention of Hazards Due	to Specified Chemical	Substances
Not applicable			
Ordinance on Prev	vention of Organic Solv	vent Poisoning	
Not applicable			
Enforcement Orde Substances)	r of the Industrial Safe	ty and Health Law - Atta	ached table 1 (Dangerous
Not applicable			
Poisonous and De	eleterious Substances (Control Law	
Not applicable			
	on, etc. of Release Amc Promotion of Improvem		
Not applicable		-	
Vessel Safety Law	I		
Not applicable			
Not applicable			
Aviation Law			
Aviation Law Not applicable	nd Soa Disastar Provor	ation ato Law	
Aviation Law Not applicable	a nd Sea Disaster Prever arine pollutant	ntion etc Law	
Aviation Law Not applicable Marine Pollution a	arine pollutant	ntion etc Law	
Aviation Law Not applicable Marine Pollution a Not classified as ma Water Pollution Co	arine pollutant		

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Waste Disposal and P	ublic Cleansing Law	
Industrial waste		
The components of th	is product are reported in the following inv	ventories:
TSCA	: All components listed.	
ENCS	: Notified with Restrictions.	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility. (Causing atrophy of the testes)	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.	
Full text of other abbreviations		
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	
· -		

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse)

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Effect Concentration; NO	(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Lev	el; NOELR - No Observable
Effect Loading Rate; NON	I - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National 1	Toxicology Program; NZIoC -
	of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for I	
Development; OPPTS - 0	Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution P	revention; PBT - Persistent,
	ic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory	
	Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship	
No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration,		
	and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self	
	ety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical	
	ous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemi	
	(United States); UN - United Nations;	
	e Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB	
Bioaccumulative; WHMIS	- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information	on System
Further information		
Training advice	: Provide adequate information, inst	ruction and training for

	operators.
Other information :	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Other information	
Sources of key data used to : compile the Safety Data Sheet	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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