AeroShell Grease 14

Version 1.1		Revision Date 2024.07.12	Print Date 2024.11.25
1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY ID	EN	TIFICATION	
Chemical product name	:	AeroShell Grease 14	
Product code	:	001A0914	
Manufacturer or supplier's o Supplier's company name, address and phone number Telephone	deta :	Shell Lubricants Japan K.K. Pacific Century Place Marunouchi 12F 1-11-1, Marunouchi Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-6212 Japan (+81) 03-3218-1780	
Telefax Emergency telephone number	:	(+81) 03-3218-1781 [Important notice for customer support] If you need support for product, please service centre. Lub Customer Service Centre (Lub CS Tel. 0120-064-315 / Fax. 0120-264-31 E-mail. Inquiries-Lubes-JP@shell.com (Available for Japanese office hours or	contact our customer C) 5 (JP Toll free)
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	:	If you have any enquiries about the c please email lubricantSDS@shell.com	
Recommended use of the cl	hen	nical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	:	Mineral grease, For further details cons on www.shell.com/aviation.	ult the AeroShell Book
Restrictions on use	:	This product must be used, handled, an accordance with the requirements of th manufacturer's manuals, bulletins and This substance may not be used for an recommended without expert advice	e equipment other documentation.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word

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Version 1.1 Hazard statements	Revision Date 2024.07.12 : PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard u ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:	
	Not classified as an environmenta	I hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases.	
	Response: No precautionary phrases.	
	Storage: No precautionary phrases.	
	Disposal: No precautionary phrases.	

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used grease may contain harmful impurities.High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Hazardous components

Substance name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	72623-87-1	Asp. Tox.1; H304	20 - 40
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	Asp. Tox.1; H304	10 - 30

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Alkaryl amine	68411-46-1	Repr.2; H361f	0.1 - 2.9		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES	
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
	Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.
	High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of

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	foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential.	
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		_
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	 Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. 	
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Avoid o	contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	contar	propriate containment to avoid environmental nination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate s.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		t from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Additional advice	see Se For gui	dance on selection of personal protective equipment ction 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. dance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of fety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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Handling		
Technical measures	: Use local exhaust ventilation if the vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data assessment of local circumstance appropriate controls for safe har this material.	sheet as input to a risk ces to help determine
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated con Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mis When handling product in drums worn and proper handling equip Properly dispose of any contami materials in order to prevent fire	sts. s, safety footwear should be ment should be used. inated rags or cleaning
Facial protective equipment	: If material is handled such that in protective eyewear is recommer	
Describe contact avoidance, etc	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Storage		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed an place. Use properly labeled and closab	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers steel or high density polyethylen Unsuitable material: PVC.	
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should temperatures because of possib	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control	Basis	
		(Form of	parameters /		
		exposure)	Permissible		
			concentration		
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned			JP OEL	
				JSOH	
	Further information: Group 1: carcinogenic to humans				
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	OEL-M (Mist)	3 mg/m3	JP OEL	
	_		-	JSOH	
	Further information: Substance whose OEL is set based on non- carcinogenic health effects. See III, Group 1: carcinogenic to humans				

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Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

労働者の健康障害を防止するため化学物質の濃度基準値とその適用方法などを定めました (mhlw.go.jp)

Engineering measures	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

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	washing hands after handling the material and before eating drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned Practice good housekeeping.
Personal protective equi	pment
Protective measures	
Personal protective equipr PPE suppliers.	nent (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check v
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worke health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65 (149°F)].
Hand protection Remarks	 Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374 US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubbe gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective had care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. F short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not supplication of a non-perfuse of protection we recommend the supplication of a non-perfuse of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. F

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Eye and face protection		If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.	
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves. 		
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable		
Environmental exposure co	ontrols		
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to ful relevant environmental protection contamination of the environment Section 6. If necessary, prevent being discharged to waste water. treated in a municipal or industria before discharge to surface water Local guidelines on emission limit must be observed for the discharge	a legislation. Avoid t by following advice given in undissolved material from Waste water should be Il waste water treatment plant r. ts for volatile substances	

vapour.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	: Semi-solid at room temperature.
Colour	: tan
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable
Drop point	>= 140 °C / >= 284 °F Method: ASTM D2265
Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range	: Data not available
Flash point	: >= 145 °C / 293 °F Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	: Not classified as flammable but will burn.

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Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Density and / or relative densit	у	
Density	: 906 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: Unspecified	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar pro	oducts)
Auto-ignition point	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity (Dynamic)	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable	
Particle characteristics Particle size	: Data not available	
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	a static accumulator.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	: The product does not pose any furt addition to those listed in the follow	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
0/47		800001001466

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Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATI	N	
Basis for assessment	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).	
Information on likely routes of exposure	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingest	
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are n	ot met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification cri are not met.	iteria
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

IARC	
Asphalt	Occupational exposures to hard bitumens and their emissions during mastic asphalt work are 'possibly carcinogenic to humans' (IARC Group 2B). Occupational exposures to straight-run bitumens and their fume condensates during road paving are 'possibly carcinogenic to humans' (IARC Group 2B).

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

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Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Basis for assessment : Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). **Ecotoxicity** Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l toxicity) Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity to crustacean (Acute Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l toxicity) Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity) Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity to fish (Chronic : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria (Chronic toxicity) are not met.

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Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulation		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on inf products)	formation on similar
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Semi-solid under most en it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil par mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion poterozone creation potential or global we is a mixture of non-volatile componereleased to air in any significant qua conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes phy organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic to organisms at concentrations less that 	arming potential., Product ents, which will not be antities under normal vsical fouling of aquatic oxicity to aquatic
Hazardous to the azona laver		
Hazardous to the ozone layer		

Not applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Chemicals (residual waste)	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal

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		methods in compliance with appl Waste product should not be allo ground water, or be disposed of Do not dispose into the environm courses. Do not dispose of tank water bot drain into the ground. This will re contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or disposed of in accordance with p preferably to a recognised collect competence of the collector or co established beforehand.	owed to contaminate soil or into the environment. nent, in drains or in water toms by allowing them to esult in soil and groundwater tank cleaning should be prevailing regulations, ctor or contractor. The
		MARPOL - see International Cor Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 7 technical aspects at controlling p	73/78) which provides
Contaminated containers an packaging	nd :	Dispose in accordance with prev to a recognized collector or contri the collector or contractor should Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regu	ractor. The competence of be established beforehand. with applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	:	Disposal should be in accordanc national, and local laws and regu	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulatory information when there are domestic regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law

Not considered as dangerous goods.

Chemical Substance Control Law

Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture

Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names

Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

Chemical name	Number	Concentration (%)
Mineral oil	168	>=80 - <90

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names

Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)	
Chemical name	Number
Mineral oil	168

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning

Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Not applicable

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	Release Amounts of Specific Chem of Improvements to the Manageme	
Not applicable		
Vessel Safety Law		
Not applicable		
Aviation Law		
Not applicable		
Marine Pollution and Sea Di	saster Prevention etc Law	
Not classified as marine pollut	tant	
Water Pollution Control Law	V	
Oil emissions regulations (Lav	w Art. 2-5, Enforcement Order Art. 3-4))
Waste Disposal and Public Industrial waste	Cleansing Law	
The components of this pro	duct are reported in the following ir	ventories:
TSCA	: All components listed.	
ENCS	: All components listed.	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility. (Causing atrophy of the testes)	
Full text of other abbreviations		
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard	
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity	

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant: DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable

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New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and
Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent,
Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical
Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC)
No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration,
Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition
Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -
Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic
Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations
Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very
Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Further information

Other information

: A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

JP / EN