Version 2.0			Revision Date 2024.09.17	Print Date 2024.11.04	
1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION					
Chemical pro	duct name :		Shell Alvania Grease S3		
Product code	• :	:	001J7940		
	er or supplier's det				
	mpany name, : phone number		Shell Lubricants Japan K.K. Pacific Century Place Marunouchi 12F		
address and	phone number		1-11-1, Marunouchi		
			Chiyoda-ku		
			Tokyo 100-6212		
Talanhana			Japan (+ 81) 02 2218 1780		
Telephone Telefax		÷	(+81) 03-3218-1780 (+81) 03-3218-1781		
Telelax		•	(+01) 03-3210-1701		
Emergency te	elephone	:	[Important notice for customer support]		
number			If you need support for product, please	contact our customer	
			service centre. Lub Customer Service Centre (Lub CSC	۱	
			Tel. 0120-064-315 / Fax. 0120-264-315		
			E-mail. Inquiries-Lubes-JP@shell.com		
			(Available for Japanese office hours onl	y.)	
Contact for	Safaty Data		If you have any enquiries about the co	options of this SDS	
Sheet	Salety Data	•	please email lubricantSDS@shell.com	filent of this ODO	
Recommend	led use of the che	m	ical and restrictions on use		
Recommende	ed use :		Automotive and industrial grease.		
Restrictions of	on use :				
			This substance may not be used for any	purpose other than	
			recommended without expert advice		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemic	cal product
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	: Category 3
GHS label elements	
	· No Hazard Symbol required

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	: PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS:

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		Not classified as a health hazard under ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long la	
	Precautionary statements :		
		Prevention:	
		P273 Avoid release to the environment.	
		Response:	
		No precautionary phrases.	
		Storage:	
		No precautionary phrases.	
		Disposal:	
		P501 Dispose of contents/ container to disposal plant.	an approved waste

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used grease may contain harmful impurities. High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

: A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Components

Chemical nature

Substance name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Styrenated Diphenylamine	68442-68-2	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3

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O,O,O-triphenyl	597-82-0	Aquatic	0.025 - 0.09	
phosphorothioate		Chronic1; H410		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES	
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
	Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.
	High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of

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	foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential.
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	 Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to prevent uncontrolled release. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or reclamation in accordance with local regulations.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

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Technical measures	: Use local exhaust ventilation if the vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sh assessment of local circumstance appropriate controls for safe hand this material.	neet as input to a risk is to help determine
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated conta Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mist When handling product in drums, worn and proper handling equipme Properly dispose of any contamina materials in order to prevent fires.	s. safety footwear should be ent should be used. ated rags or cleaning
Facial protective equipment	: If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommended	
Describe contact avoidance, etc	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Storage		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and place. Use properly labeled and closable	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers of steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should no temperatures because of possible	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parameters /	Basis
		`	•	
		exposure)	Permissible	
			concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned			JP OEL
				JSOH
	Further information: Group 1: carcinogenic to humans			
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	OEL-M (Mist)	3 mg/m3	JP OEL
				JSOH
	Further information: Substance whose OEL is set based on non-			
	carcinogenic health effects. See III, Group 1: carcinogenic to			
	humans			
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

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(Inhalable particulate matter)	
	(Inhalable

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Standard concentration values and application methods for chemical substances were determined to prevent health problems among workers (mhlw.go.jp)

Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

rsion 2.0	Revision Date 2024.09.17Print Date 2024.11.04washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.Due to the product's semi-solid consistency, generation of mists and dusts is unlikely to occur.
Personal protective equipme	nt
Protective measures	
Personal protective equipment PPE suppliers.	(PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection	
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is

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			on of the glove material. y greater than 0.35 mm
	depending on the		
Eye and face protection	: If material is hand protective eyewea		ould be splashed into eyes,
	protective eyewea	al is recommende	eu.
Skin and body protection	•	not ordinarily req	uired beyond standard
	work clothes.		
	It is good practice	to wear chemica	al resistant gloves.
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable		
Environmental exposure c	ntrols		
•			
General advice	: Take appropriate relevant environm		II the requirements of legislation. Avoid

relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from
being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be
treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant
before discharge to surface water.
Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances
must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing
vapour.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	:	Semi-solid at room temperature.
Colour	:	brown
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Drop point	:	180 °C / 356 °F Method: IP 396
Melting / freezing point		Not applicable
Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Data not available
Flash point	:	Method: ASTM D92 (COC) Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not classified as flammable but will burn.

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Lower explosion limit and upp	er explosion limit / flammability limit	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Density and / or relative dens	ity	
Relative density	: 1.000 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 1,000 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: Unspecified	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar)	products)
Auto-ignition point	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity (Dynamic)	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 131 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
	12.2 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Particle characteristics Particle size	: Data not available	
	Data not available	
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	d
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	

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: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.	
: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	n
: Stable.	
: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
: Strong oxidising agents.	
: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	
)N	
: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).	d
: Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestic	on.
: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not	met.
: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criter are not met.	ia
: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg	
	 This material is not expected to be a static accumulator. The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards i addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph. Stable. Reacts with strong oxidising agents. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Strong oxidising agents. No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. ION Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestic LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning

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 can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Basis for assessment : Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Ecotoxicity Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/I toxicity) Harmful Toxicity to crustacean (Acute Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l toxicity) Harmful Toxicity to algae/aquatic Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l plants (Acute toxicity) Harmful Toxicity to fish (Chronic : Remarks: Data not available

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toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
<u>Components:</u> O,O,O-triphenyl phosphorotl	lioate :	
M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard)		
M-Factor (Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard)	: 10	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradal inherently biodegradable, but cor persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulation		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components bioaccumulate.	with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on products)	information on similar
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Semi-solid under most it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion p ozone creation potential or global is a mixture of non-volatile compore released to air in any significant of conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes p organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chroni organisms at concentrations less 	I warming potential., Product onents, which will not be quantities under normal physical fouling of aquatic ic toxicity to aquatic
Hazardous to the ozone layer		

Not applicable

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
Disposal methods			
Chemicals (residual waste)	lt to de m Do	ecover or recycle if possible. is the responsibility of the waste generative xicity and physical properties of the metermine the proper waste classification ethods in compliance with applicable in o not dispose into the environment, in purses.	aterial generated to n and disposal regulations.
	gr W dia pr cc es Do dr	aste product should not be allowed to ound water, or be disposed of into the aste, spills or used product is dangero aste arising from a spillage or tank cle sposed of in accordance with prevailing eferably to a recognised collector or competence of the collector or competence of the collector or contractor stablished beforehand. This will result in sometamination.	e environment. us waste. eaning should be g regulations, ontractor. The or should be y allowing them to
	P	ARPOL - see International Convention ollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) v chnical aspects at controlling pollution	vhich provides
Contaminated containers and packaging	to th Di	spose in accordance with prevailing real a recognized collector or contractor. e collector or contractor should be est sposal should be in accordance with a tional, and local laws and regulations.	The competence of ablished beforehand. applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks		sposal should be in accordance with a tional, and local laws and regulations.	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulatory information when there are domestic regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

International Regulations

ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

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Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law

Not considered as dangerous goods.

Chemical Substance Control Law

Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture

Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names

Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

Chemical name	Number	Concentration (%)
Mineral oil	168	>=80 - <90

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names

Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

Mineral oil	168

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

ersion 2.0	Revision Intion of Organic Solve	Date 2024.09.17	Print Date 2024.11.
Not applicable	endor of Organic Solv		
Enforcement Order Substances)	of the Industrial Safet	y and Health Law - Att	tached table 1 (Dangerous
Not applicable			
Poisonous and Del Not applicable	eterious Substances C	ontrol Law	
	n, etc. of Release Amo romotion of Improvem		nical Substances in the ent Thereof
Vessel Safety Law Not applicable			
Aviation Law Not applicable			
Marine Pollution an Not classified as man	d Sea Disaster Preven ine pollutant	tion etc Law	
Water Pollution Col Oil emissions regulat	ntrol Law ions (Law Art. 2-5, Enfo	rcement Order Art. 3-4)
Waste Disposal and Industrial waste	I Public Cleansing Lav	V	
The components of	this product are report	rted in the following i	nventories:
TSCA	: All compo	nents listed.	
ENCS	: All compo	nents listed.	
OTHER INFORMATIO	DN		

Full text of H-Statements

H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard			

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AlIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and

Further information

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

JP / EN